

Sick Student Protocol

1. Parents must keep sick students at home. Sick means symptoms such as runny nose, sore throat, cough, fever, aches, nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea, that are not due to already medically established reasons.
2. If teacher sees a sick student (same symptoms as above), the teacher right away escorts student to infirmary for evaluation.
3. Office procedure:
 - a. Isolate and Evaluate
 - i. Make student comfortable and evaluate symptoms.
 - ii. Call parent to share information.
 - iii. Decide if student should go home.
 - b. Precautions
 - i. Mask for student and/or staff
 - ii. Gloves as appropriate
 - iii. Sanitize afterward
 - c. Create an “infirmary” in school for evaluation and isolation of students.
 - i. Chest with masks, gloves, etc.
 - ii. Medicines: children’s Tylenol, Benadryl, etc.
 - iii. Thermometer
 - iv. Cot, blanket, pillow
 - v. Chair
 - d. If a student stays home sick or is sent home sick, CDC guidelines recommend that the student should be home for 7 days and be symptom-free for 3 days before returning to school. (If the student is tested negative for Covid, the student may return to school after 24 hours symptom free.)
 - e. If a student tests **POSITIVE** for Covid
 - i. Parents in Cohort are alerted, and Cohort goes to distance learning for 14 days.
 - ii. Any teacher or student who then becomes symptomatic should get Covid tested.
 - iii. Any student who tested POSITIVE for Covid can return to school after appropriate isolation and a negative Covid test.

